# Introduction

Welcome to your favorite day of the week which is programming day🎉. This week, we shall work together to learn and implement new programming concepts.

### 

### Let's do some coding.

**Skill:** Problem solving using Conditional Statements

**Task 01(CP):**

Write a C++ program to print the appropriate activity depending on the variable temperature and humidity value. The table below assumes that the temperature can only be warm and cold, and the humidity can only be dry and humid.

| If temperature is | If humidity is | Print this activity |
| --- | --- | --- |
| warm | dry | Play tennis |
| warm | humid | swim |
| cold | dry | Play basketball |
| cold | humid | Watch tv |

**Task 02(CP):**

Jack is a teacher who needs a program that helps him to compile 8th class results. He has five subjects (English, Maths, Chemistry, Social Science, and Biology) marked in detail. Program asks the user to enter five subjects' marks, including student name and displays the total marks, percentage, grade (by percentage), and student name. Every subject has a total of 100 marks. Grading policy details are mentioned below

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| Percentage | Grade |
| --- | --- |
| 90-100 percentage | A+ |
| 80-90 percentage | A |
| 70-80 percentage | B+ |
| 60-70 percentage | B |
| 50-60 percentage | C |
| 40-50 percentage | D |
| Below 40 percentage | F |

**Task 03(CP):**

Write a Program to display an Astrological sign or a Zodiac sign for a given date of birth. Zodiac Signs according to the dates and months are given below.

| Zodiac Sign | Dates of Birth | Symbol |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Aries | Match 21 - April 19 | The Ram |
| Taurus | April 20 - May 20 | The Bull |
| Gemini | May 21 - June 20 | The Twins |
| Cancer | June 21 - July 22 | The Crab |
| Leo | July 23 - August 22 | The Lion |
| Virgo | August 23 - September 22 | The Virgin |
| Libra | September 23 - October 22 | The Scales |
| Scorpio | October 23 - November 21 | The Scorpion |
| Sagittarius | November 22 - December 21 | The Archer |
| Capricorn | December 22 - January 19 | The Goat |
| Aquarius | January 20 - February 18 | The Water Bearer |
| Pisces | February 19 - Match 20 | The Fishes |

The program takes the date and month of birth as input and then displays the astrological sign or Zodiac sign according to that input.

**Test Cases:**

| Input | Output | Explanation |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Day = 10 Month = December | Sagittarius | People born on this data have zodiac Sagittarius. |
| Day = 7  Month = September | Virgo |  |

**Task 04(CP):**

Write a program that calculates and prints the bill for a cellular telephone company. The company offers two types of service: regular and premium. Its rates vary, depending on the type of service. The rates are computed as follows:

Regular service: $10.00 plus the first 50 minutes are free. Charges for over 50 minutes are $0.20 per minute.

Premium service: $25.00 plus:

* For calls made during the day., the first 75 minutes are free; charges for more than 75 minutes are $0.10 per minute.
* For calls made during the night, the first 100 minutes are free; charges for more than 100 minutes are $0.05 per minute.

Your program should prompt the user to enter a **service code** (type char), and **the number of minutes** the service was used.

A service code of r or R means regular service; a service code of p or P

means premium service. **Treat any other character as an error**. Your program

should output the type of service, the number of minutes the telephone service was used, and the amount due from the user.

For the premium service, the customer may be using the service during the

day and the night(d or D for day and n or N for the night). Therefore, to calculate the bill, you must ask the user to input the number of minutes the service was used during the day and the number of minutes the service was used during the night.

| **Test case** |
| --- |
|  |

**Task 05(CP):**

A fruit shop during weekdays sells at the following prices:

| **Fruit** | **Price** |
| --- | --- |
| banana  apple  orange  grapefruit  kiwi  pineapple  grapes | 2.50  1.20  0.85  1.45  2.70  5.50  3.85 |

During the weekend days the prices are higher:

| **Fruit** | **Price** |
| --- | --- |
| banana  apple  orange  grapefruit  kiwi  pineapple  grapes | 2.70  1.25  0.90  1.60  3.00  5.60  4.20 |

Write a program that reads from the console a fruit (banana/apple / …), a day of the week (Monday / Tuesday / …) and a quantity (a decimal number) and calculates the price according to the prices from the tables above. Print “error” if it is an invalid day of the week or an invalid name of a fruit.

**Test Cases:**

| **Input** | **Output** |
| --- | --- |
| orange  Sunday  3 | 2.70 |
| kiwi  Monday  2.5 | 6.75 |
| grapes  Saturday  0.5 | 2.10 |

**Task 06(CP):**

A hotel offers two types of rooms: studio and apartment. Prices are in dollars ($). Write a program that calculates the price of the whole stay for a studio and apartment. Prices depend on the month of the stay:

| May and October | June and September | July and August |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Studio- 50$ / per night | Studio - 75.20$ / per night | Studio 76$ / per night |
| Apartment - 65$ / per night | Apartment - 68.70$ /per night | Apartment - 77$ / per night |

The following discounts are also offered:

* For a studio, in case of more than 7 stays in May and October: 5% discount.
* For a studio, in case of more than 14 stays in May and October: 30% discount.
* For a studio, in case of more than 14 stays in June and September: 20% discount.
* For an apartment, in case of more than 14 stays, no limitation regarding the month: 10% discount.

**Input Data**

The input data is read from the console and contains exactly two lines:

* The first line contains the month – May, June, July, August, September or October.
* The second line is the number of stays – integer within the range [0 … 200].

**Output Data**

Print the following two lines on the console:

* On the first line: "Apartment: { price for the whole stay }$."
* On the second line: "Studio: { price for the whole stay }$."

**Test Cases:**

| Input | Output | Comments |
| --- | --- | --- |
| May  15 | Apartment: 877.50$.  Studio: 525.00$. | In May, in the case of more than 14 stays, the discount for the studio is 30% (50 - 15 = 35), and for the apartment is 10% (65 - 6.5 = 68.5).  The whole stay in the apartment: 877.50 lv  The whole stay in the studio: 525.00 lv |
| June  14 | Apartment: 961.80$.  Studio: 1052.80$. |  |
| August 20 | Apartment: 1386.00$.  Studio: 1520.00$. |  |

**Task 07(CP):**

A student has to attend an exam at a particular time (for example, at 9:30 am). They arrive in the exam room at a particular time of arrival (for example 9:40 am). It is considered that the student has arrived on time if they have arrived at the time when the exam starts or up to half an hour earlier. If the student has arrived more than 30 minutes earlier, the student has come too early. If they have arrived after the time when the exam starts, they are late.

Write a program that inputs the exam starting time and the time of the student's arrival, and prints if the student has arrived on time, if they have arrived early or if they are late, as well as how many hours or minutes the student is early or late.

**Input Data**

Read the following four integers (one on each line) from the console:

* The first line contains exam starting time (hours) – an integer from 0 to 23.
* The second line contains the exam starting time (minutes) – an integer from 0 to 59.
* The third line contains an hour of arrival – an integer from 0 to 23.
* The fourth line contains minutes of arrival – an integer from 0 to 59.

**Output Data**

Print the following on the first line on the console:

* "Late", if the student arrives later compared to the exam starting time.
* "On time", if the student arrives exactly at the exam starting time or up to 30 minutes earlier.
* "Early", if the student arrives more than 30 minutes before the exam's starting time.

If the student arrives with more than one minute difference compared to the exam starting time, print on the next line:

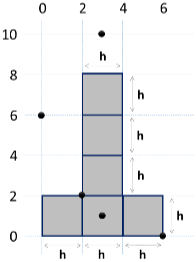
* "mm minutes before the start" for arriving less than an hour earlier.
* "hh:mm hours before the start" for arriving 1 hour or earlier. Always print minutes using 2 digits, for example "1:05".
* "mm minutes after the start" for arriving more than an hour late.
* "hh:mm hours after the start" for arriving late by 1 hour or more. Always print minutes using 2 digits, for example, "1:03".

**Test Cases**

| Input | Output |
| --- | --- |
| Exam Starting Time (hour): 9  Exam Starting Time (minutes): 30  Student hour of arrival: 9  Student minutes of arrival: 50 | Late  20 minutes after the start |
| Exam Starting Time (hour): 16  Exam Starting Time (minutes): 0  Student hour of arrival: 15  Student minutes of arrival: 0 | Early  1:0 hours before the start |
| Exam Starting Time (hour): 9  Exam Starting Time (minutes): 0  Student hour of arrival: 8  Student minutes of arrival: 30 | On time  30 minutes before the start |
| Exam Starting Time (hour): 9  Exam Starting Time (minutes): 0  Student hour of arrival: 10  Student minutes of arrival: 30 | Late  1:30 hours after the start |
| Exam Starting Time (hour): 14  Exam Starting Time (minutes): 0  Student hour of arrival: 13  Student minutes of arrival: 55 | On time  5 minutes before the start |
| Exam Starting Time (hour): 11  Exam Starting Time (minutes): 30  Student hour of arrival: 8  Student minutes of arrival: 12 | Early  3:18 hours before the start |
| Exam Starting Time (hour): 11  Exam Starting Time (minutes): 0  Student hour of arrival: 11  Student minutes of arrival: 0 | On time |
| Exam Starting Time (hour): 11  Exam Starting Time (minutes): 30  Student hour of arrival: 10  Student minutes of arrival: 55 | Early  35 minutes before the start |
| Exam Starting Time (hour): 11  Exam Starting Time (minutes): 30  Student hour of arrival: 12  Student minutes of arrival: 29 | Late  59 minutes after the start |

**Task 08(CP):**

The figure consists of 6 blocks with size h \* h, placed as in the figure below. The lower left angle of the building is at position {0, 0}. The upper right angle of the figure is on position {2\*h, 4\*h}. The coordinates given in the figure are for h = 2:



Write a program that enters an integer h and the coordinates of a given point {x, y} (integers) and prints whether the point is inside the figure (inside), outside of the figure (outside) or on any of the borders of the figure (border).

**Sample Input and Output:**

| Input | Output |
| --- | --- |
| 2  3  10 | Outside |
| 2  3  1 | Inside |
| 2  2  2 | Border |
| 2  6  0 | Border |
| 2  0  6 | Outside |
| 15  13  55 | Outside |
| 15  29  37 | Inside |

**Skill:** Patrolling Objects inside boundries

## Introduction

In the last lessons, we learned how to move objects in the game using the arrow keys. Now, let's make the game more fun by making the objects move on their own inside the maze. This will make the game more challenging and exciting to play.

### Let's do some coding.

| We want to obtain the following output. |
| --- |
|  |

Consider the following steps to solve this problem.

| We will need the following functions to make an object patrol inside the maze. |
| --- |
| * **printMaze()** A function to print maze. * **gotoXY(x,y)** A function to go the xy location on the console. * **printPacman(x,y)** A function to print Pacman on the console. * **printGhost(x,y)** A function to print Ghost on the console. * **getCharAtxy(x,y)** A function to read character from the console. * **clearScreen(x,y,p)** A function to remove the previous character from the screen. |
| Lets create the function prototypes for these functions. |
| Lets write the function definitions of these functions. |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| * Now, we write to develop the program logic in such a way that once the ghost reaches the end of the maze, then it should start moving in the opposite direction. * In addition to this, it should maintain the overall structure of the maze as well.   Consider the following solution for this. |
|  |

Great Work Students ! You have now learned how to make objects patrol inside a boundary.

**Task 01(CP):**

Update the Pacman game in which there should be two ghosts now that are patrolling horizontally and vertically.

**Task 02(CP):**

Update the Pacman game where each time the Pacman takes a Health pill, the program increment the game score. Additionally, display the score at all times in the game.

**Good Luck and Best Wishes !!**

**Happy Coding ahead :)**